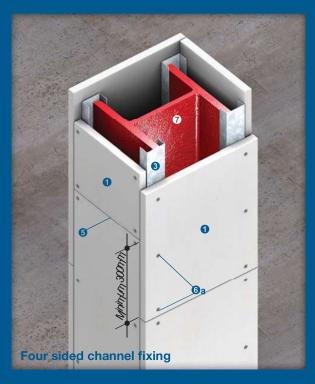
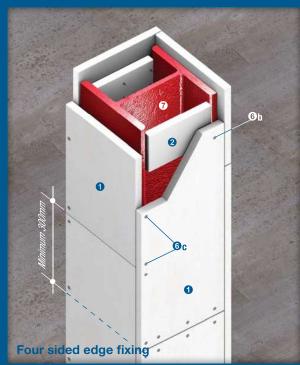
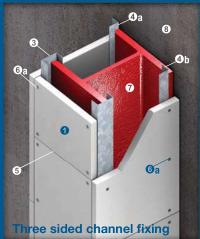
P250









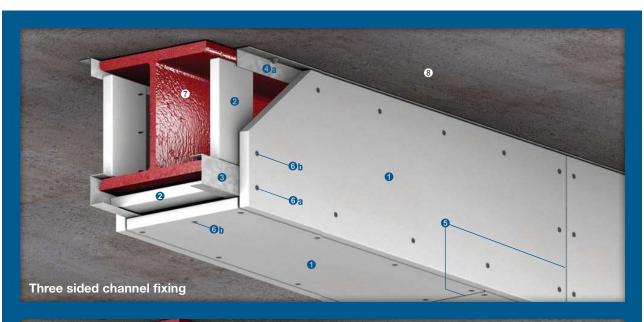
Up to 150/-/- fire resistance in accordance with the requirements of BS 476: Part 21: 1987

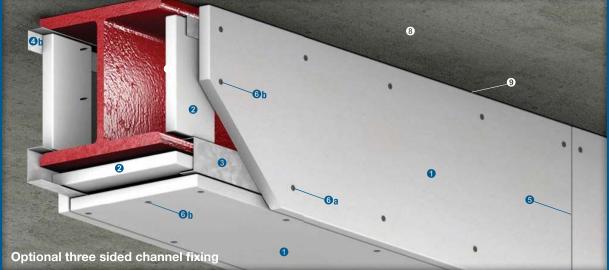
- PROMATECT® 250 board, thickness in accordance with the Hp/A Ratio tables on page 51
- 2 PROMATECT® 250 soldiers 100mm wide, minimum thickness similar to the board thickness
- 3 Continuous galvanised steel channel 19mm x 38mm x 19mm x 0.8mm thick or similar, leg of each channel is located against inner surface of flange
- **4** Continuous galvanised steel angles minimum 32mm x 19mm x 0.8mm thick or similar fixed to the wall using non combustible proprietary anchors at nominal 500mm centres
- Ob Continuous galvanised steel angles minimum 32mm x 19mm x 0.8mm thick or similar fixed to the flange using Teks screws, shot fired nails or welding. Secure edges of side boards at 200mm centres
- 6 Horizontal joints in adjacent board sides to be staggered at minimum 300mm For wide columns, it is advisable to include a PROMATECT® 250 cover strip behind the joints within the web of the steel column to provide additional impact resistance
- Oa Self-drilling or self-tapping drywall screws fixed to channel/angle at nominal 200mm centres. Screw length should be additional 20mm of the board thickness
- **6**b Self-drilling or self-tapping drywall screws fixed to soldiers at nominal 100mm centres. Screw length should be additional 20mm of the board thickness
- Oc Steel wire staple fixing in accordance with table below. When edge fixing it is advisable to drill pilot holes, particularly with 15mm thick boards. Please consult Promat for further guidance

PROMATECT® 250 board thickness	Steel wire staples at 100mm centres
15mm	44/10/1mm
20mm	44/10/1mm
25mm	50/10/1mm
30mm	60/10/1mm

- Structural steel column
- Oncrete wall substrate

P250

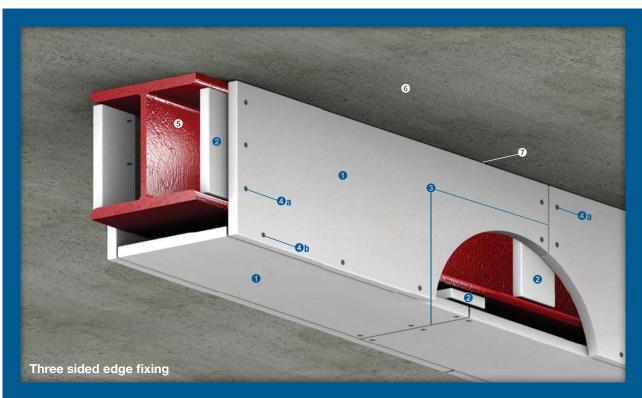




Up to 150/-/- fire resistance in accordance with the requirements of AS 1530: Part 4: 2005

- PROMATECT® 250 board, thickness in accordance with the Hp/A Ratio tables on page 51
- ❷ PROMATECT® 250 soldiers 100mm wide, minimum thickness similar to the board thickness of **1**, fixed within the web of the steel beam at maximum 1220mm centres behind the board joints using screws at 100mm centres or using staples at 50mm
 - For deep beams clad with thicker boards for greater fire resistance, it is advisable to fix the soldiers at nominal 600mm centres in order to reduce the load on the soldiers. For steel beams greater than 600mm deep, a T-section soldier should be used to provide a stronger support
- Continuous galvanised steel channel 19mm x 38mm x 19mm x 0.8mm thick or similar located at the bottom flange, leg of each channel is facing inner surface of the flange
- **O**a Continuous galvanised steel angles minimum 32mm x 19mm x 0.8mm thick or similar fixed to the floor slab using non combustible proprietary anchors at nominal 500mm centres

- **4** Continuous galvanised steel angles minimum 32mm x 19mm x 0.8mm thick or similar beneath the upper flange
- **6** Vertical and horizontal joints in adjacent board sides to be staggered at minimum 300mm
- **⊙**a Self-drilling or self-tapping drywall screws fixed to channel/angle at nominal 200mm centres. Screw length should be additional 20mm of the board thickness
- Ob Self-drilling or self-tapping drywall screws fixed to soldiers at nominal 100mm centres. Screw length should be additional 20mm of the board thickness
- Structural steel beam
- 8 Floor slab
- 9 Caulk all edges between the board and the floor slab with PROMASEAL®-A Acrylic Sealant, depth in accordance with the required board thickness



Up to 150/-/- fire resistance in accordance with the requirements of AS 1530: Part 4: 2005

- PROMATECT® 250 board, thickness in accordance with the Hp/A Ratio tables on page 51
- PROMATECT® 250 soldiers 100mm wide, minimum thickness similar to the board thickness of **①**, fixed within the web of the steel beam at maximum 1220mm centres behind the board joints using screws at 100mm centres or using staples at 50mm centres

For deep beams clad with thicker boards for greater fire resistance, it is advisable to fix the soldiers at nominal 600mm centres in order to reduce the load on the soldiers. For steel beams greater than 600mm deep, a T-section soldier should be used to provide a stronger support

- **3** Vertical and horizontal joints in adjacent board sides to be staggered at minimum 300mm
- **4** a Self-drilling or self-tapping drywall screws fixed to soldiers at nominal 100mm centres. Screw length should be additional 20mm of the board thickness
- **O**b Steel wire staple fixing in accordance with table below. When edge fixing it is advisable to drill pilot holes, particularly with 15mm thick boards. Please consult Promat for further guidance

PROMATECT® 250 board thickness	Steel wire staples at 100mm centres
15mm	44/10/1mm
20mm	44/10/1mm
25mm	50/10/1mm
30mm	60/10/1mm

- **6** Structural steel beam
- 6 Floor slab
- Caulk all edges between the board and the floor slab with PROMASEAL®-A Acrylic Sealant, depth in accordance with the required board thickness



The following is a standard Architectural Specification for structural steel column and beam protection using PROMATECT® 250. Please note that PROMATECT® 250 can be installed by using either screw or staple type of edge fixing. The end user must determine the suitability of any particular design to meet the performance requirements of any application before undertaking any work. If in doubt, please first obtain the advice from a suitably qualified engineer.

The installation methods described herein are suitable for steel sections up to 686mm deep and 325mm wide. For larger section or when protecting multiple sections within a single encasement, please consult Promat.

Where a column box encasement abuts a beam protected with a profiled fire protection system, e.g. intumescent paint, the column webs should

be sealed at their tops using PROMATECT® 250.	a me protection system, e.g. manicocont paint, the column webs chould
Fire Exposure & Area of Application	
Exposed faces of steelwork internal to building, for up to 150 minute fire	resistance in accordance with the requirements of BS 476: Part 21: 1987.
Location	_(1)
	I, two sided, three sided or four sided encasement of structural steel
	s as manufactured by Promat International (Asia Pacific) Ltd, in size cordance with the schedule of sizes ⁽⁵⁾ and fixed in accordance with the
Screw Fixing	Staple Fixing
COLUMNS	COLUMNS
PROMATECT® 250 boards to be fixed by board face to board edge usingmmm ^(6a) self-drilling, self-tapping screws at nominal 200mm centres.	PROMATECT® 250 boards to be fixed by board face to board edge usingmmn ^(6b) staples at nominal 100mm centres.
Vertical PROMATECT® 250 boards to be screwed to 100mm wide xmmm ⁽³⁾ thick PROMATECT® 250 soldiers wedged between flanges at 1200mm centres usingmm ⁽⁶⁾ self-drilling,	Vertical PROMATECT® 250 boards to be screwed to 100mm wide xmmm ⁽³⁾ thick PROMATECT® 250 soldiers wedged between flanges at 1200mm centres usingmmm ^(6b) staples at nominal 50mm centres.
self-tapping screws at nominal 100mm centres. Where mechanical fixing is required for columns or beams, PROMATECT® 250 boards to be fixed by board face to board edge usingmmn ^(6a) self-drilling, self-tapping screws at nominal 200mm centres to nominal 19mm x 38mm x 19mm x 0.8mm continuous pressed steel channels or similar at bottom steel flange AND to 32mm x 19mm x 0.8mm continuous pressed steel angles secured to soffit of floor/roof slab or top steel flange. The angles should be fixed at	Where mechanical fixing is required for columns or beams, PROMATECT® 250 boards to be fixed by board face to board edge usingmm(6b) staples at nominal 100mm centres to nominal 19mm x 38mm x 19mm x 0.8mm continuous pressed steel channels or similar at bottom steel flange AND to 32mm x 19mm x 0.8mm continuous pressed steel angles secured to soffit of floor/roof slab or top steel flange. The angles should be fixed at nominal 500mm centres.

nominal 500mm centres.



Continued from previous page

Butt Jointing For Screw Fixing

Butt Jointing For Staple Fixing

For beam casings only, PROMATECT® 250 board joints in the soffit to be backed with 100mm wide x minimum _____mmm⁽³⁾ thick PROMATECT® 250 internal cover strips secured with _____mm⁽⁷⁾ self-drilling, self-tapping screws at nominal 100mm centres.

For beam casings only, PROMATECT® 250 board joints in the soffit to be backed with 100mm wide x minimum _____mmm⁽³⁾ thick PROMATECT® 250 internal cover strips secured with ____mmm⁽⁷⁾ staples to one side of board joint only.

Follow-on Trades

Surface of boards to be prepared for painting/plastering/tiling⁽⁸⁾ in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

NOTE:

- (1) insert location, e.g. "beams and columns to offices interior", or provide steelwork drawing reference.
- \bullet $^{\mbox{\tiny (2)}}$ insert required fire resistance level not exceeding 150 minutes.
- (3) insert required thickness by reference to section factor (Hp/A) and fire resistance level.
- (4) select board size on basis of economy in cutting. Standard board size is 2500mm x 1200mm.
- (5), (8) delete as appropriate.
- (6a) insert screw length which gives minimum 25mm penetration having regard to encasement thickness.
- (b) insert staple length which gives minimum 25mm penetration having regard to encasement thickness.
- (7) insert screw length which is minimum 5mm longer than twice the encasement thickness.

Hp/A Ratio Table 1 Up to 150/-/- fire resistance in accordance with the requirements of BS 476: Part 21: 1987 (report no. BRE CC 94174) for structural steel column protection at critical temperature of 550°C

Fire resistance	PROMATECT [®] 250 board thickness (mm)														
	15	18	20	22	25	27	28	30	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
30 minutes	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260
60 minutes	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260
90 minutes	114	153	185	223	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260
120 minutes	68	87	102	118	145	165	176	201	228	243	260	260	260	260	260
150 minutes	_	61	70	80	96	107	113	126	140	147	155	163	172	180	190

Hp/A Ratio Table 2 Up to 150/-/- fire resistance in accordance with the requirements of BS 476: Part 21: 1987 (report no. BRE CC 94174) for structural steel column protection at critical temperature of 620°C

Fire resistance	PROMATECT® 250 board thickness (mm)														
	15	18	20	22	25	27	28	30	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
30 minutes	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260
60 minutes	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260
90 minutes	142	227	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260
120 minutes	67	92	112	137	186	231	259	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260
150 minutes	_	57	68	79	99	115	124	144	168	182	197	214	232	253	260

Hp/A Ratio Table 3 Up to 150/-/- fire resistance in accordance with the requirements of **BS 476: Part 21: 1987** (report no. BRE CC 94174) for **structural steel beam protection at critical temperature of 550°C**

Fire resistance		PROMATECT® 250 board thickness (mm)														
	15	18	20	22	25	27	28	30	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
30 minutes	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	
60 minutes	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	
90 minutes	102	135	162	192	249	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	
120 minutes	_	_	92	106	129	146	156	176	199	211	224	238	256	260	260	
150 minutes	_	_	_	_	87	97	102	114	126	132	139	145	153	160	168	

Hp/A Ratio Table 4 Up to 150/-/- fire resistance in accordance with the requirements of BS 476: Part 21: 1987 (report no. BRE CC 94174) for structural steel beam protection at critical temperature of 620°C

Fire resistance		PROMATECT® 250 board thickness (mm)														
	15	18	20	22	25	27	28	30	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
30 minutes	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	
60 minutes	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	
90 minutes	115	173	232	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	
120 minutes	_	_	94	113	149	180	198	243	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	
150 minutes	_	_	_	_	85	98	105	120	138	148	159	171	183	197	213	